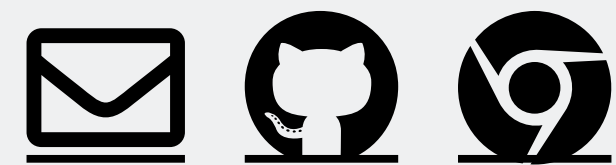

LG 467 Computers in Linguistics

[1-2021] Python 1: Installation and Setup

Sakol Suethanapornkul



Installation

Windows 10

32 vs 64: It's probably safe to say your laptop run a 64-bit version..

But if you want to be sure, do the following:

- ▶ Select *Start*
- ▶ Select *Settings*, then *System*, and then *About*
- ▶ See *System type* under *Device specifications*.

Knowing this should help you choose either a 32- or 64-bit version



Python

Two common versions

- Python 2.X: discontinued in 2020
- Python 3.X: most recent version 3.9.6

We could have installed Python from python.org/downloads

- Python plus standard libraries and `pip` (package manager)

Python

We're going to install **Anaconda** instead....

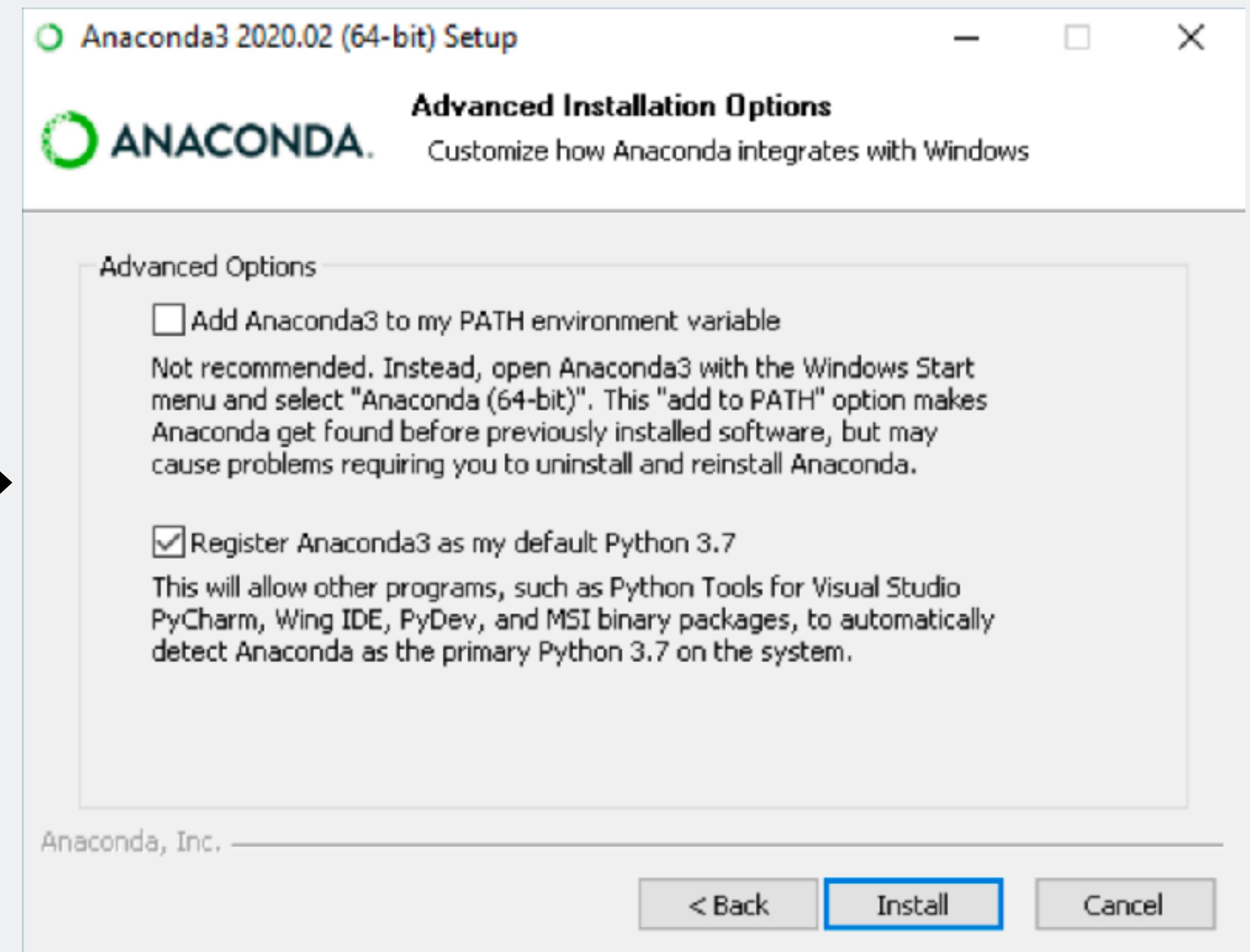
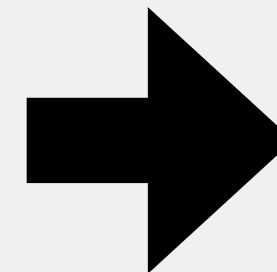
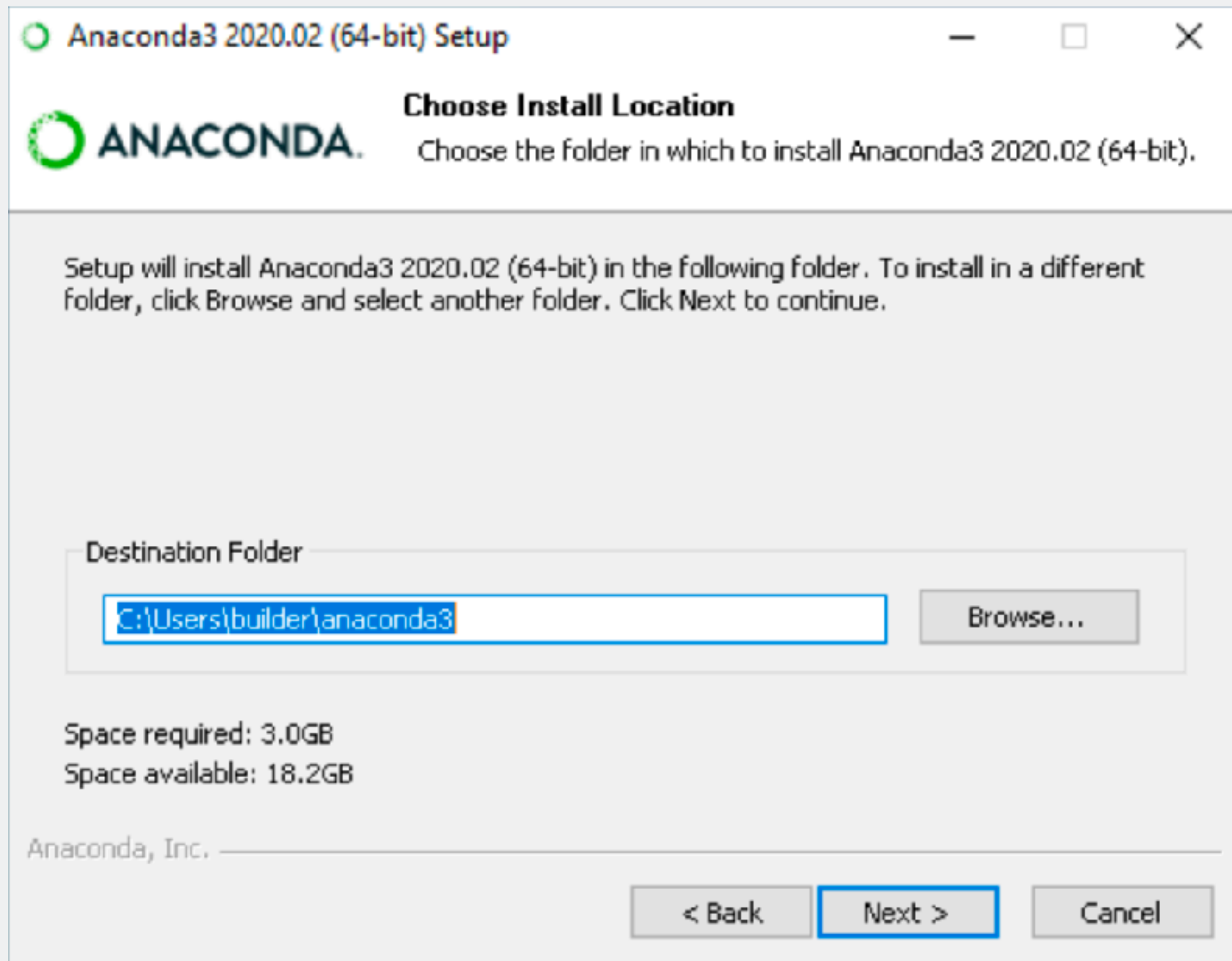
- an all-in-one distribution of Python and R languages
 - the programming language
 - hundreds of useful packages ("libraries") for data science
 - GUI, **Anaconda Navigator**, and IDE/editor such as **Spyder**
 - package manager, **Conda**

Anaconda

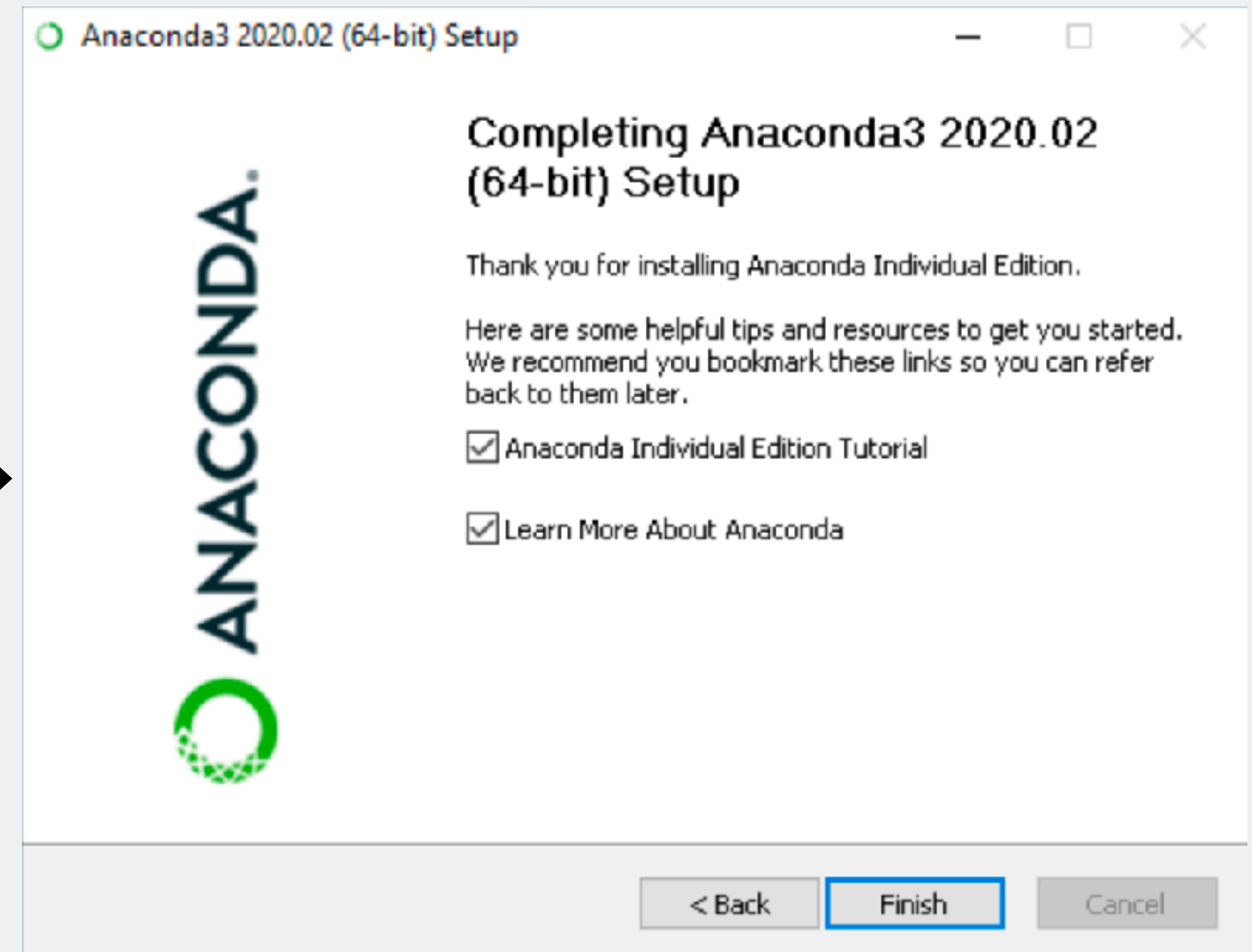
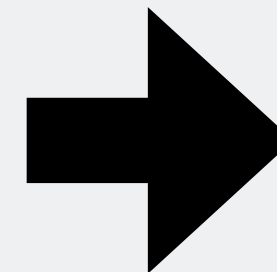
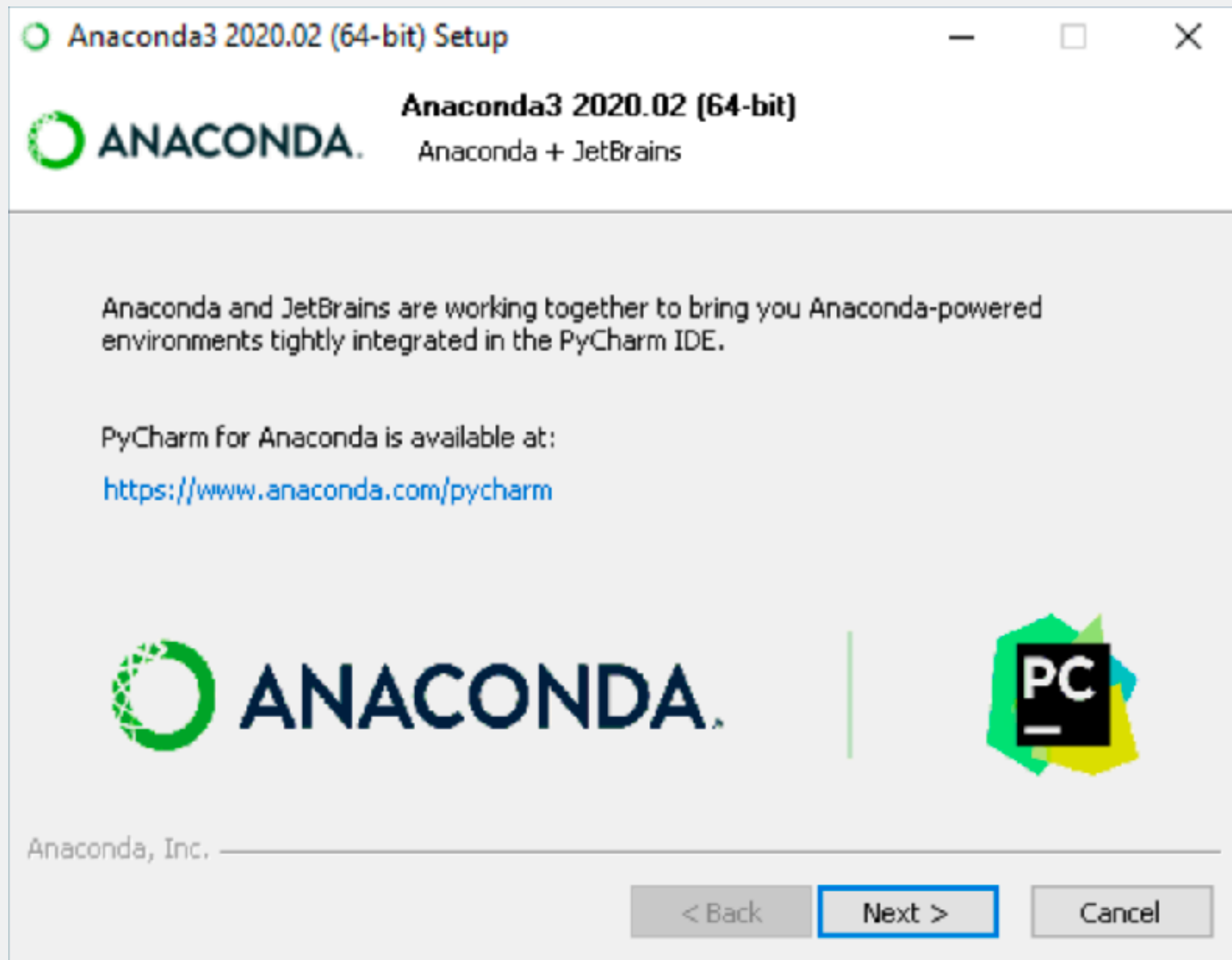
Anaconda Individual Edition

- Google "anaconda individual edition"
- Select your operating system (or simply click download)

Anaconda



Anaconda





Anaconda Navigator

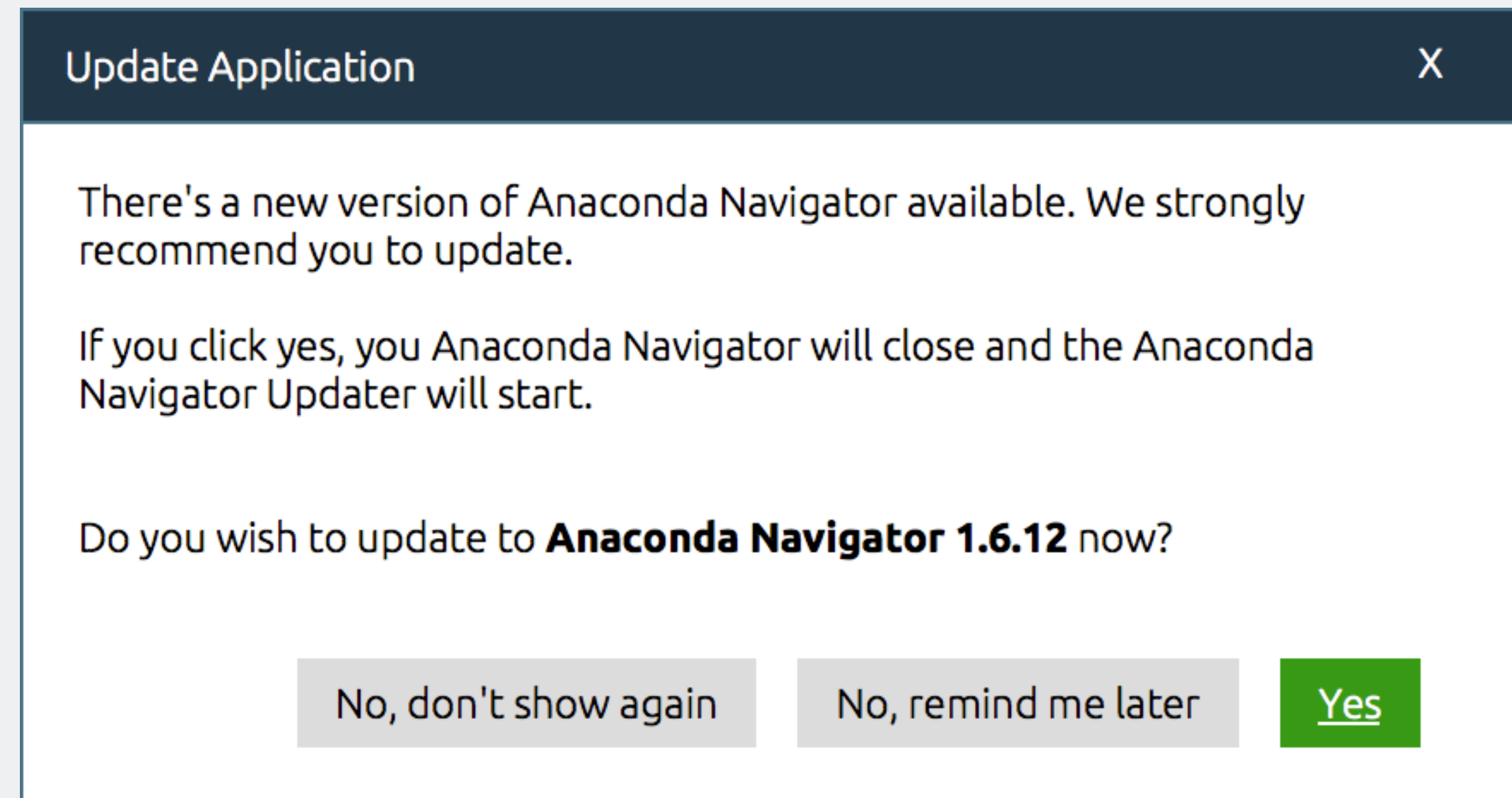
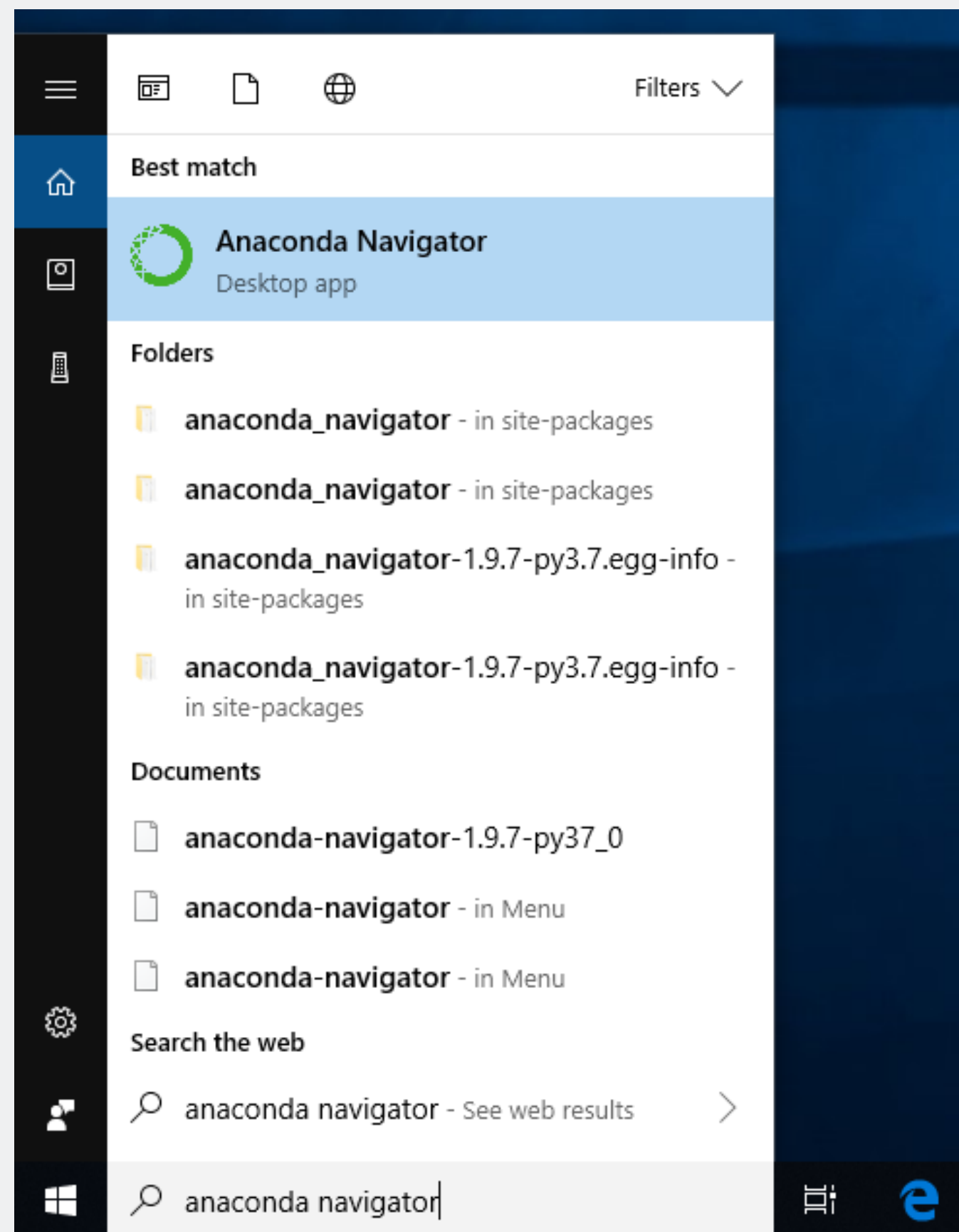
Graphical User Interface (GUI) which is useful for

- launching various applications (Spyder, RStudio, VS Code, etc.)
- installing packages
- managing environments*

* We probably won't cover environments in this course.

Anaconda Navigator

From the Start menu, search & launch Anaconda Navigator



Spyder

Spyder

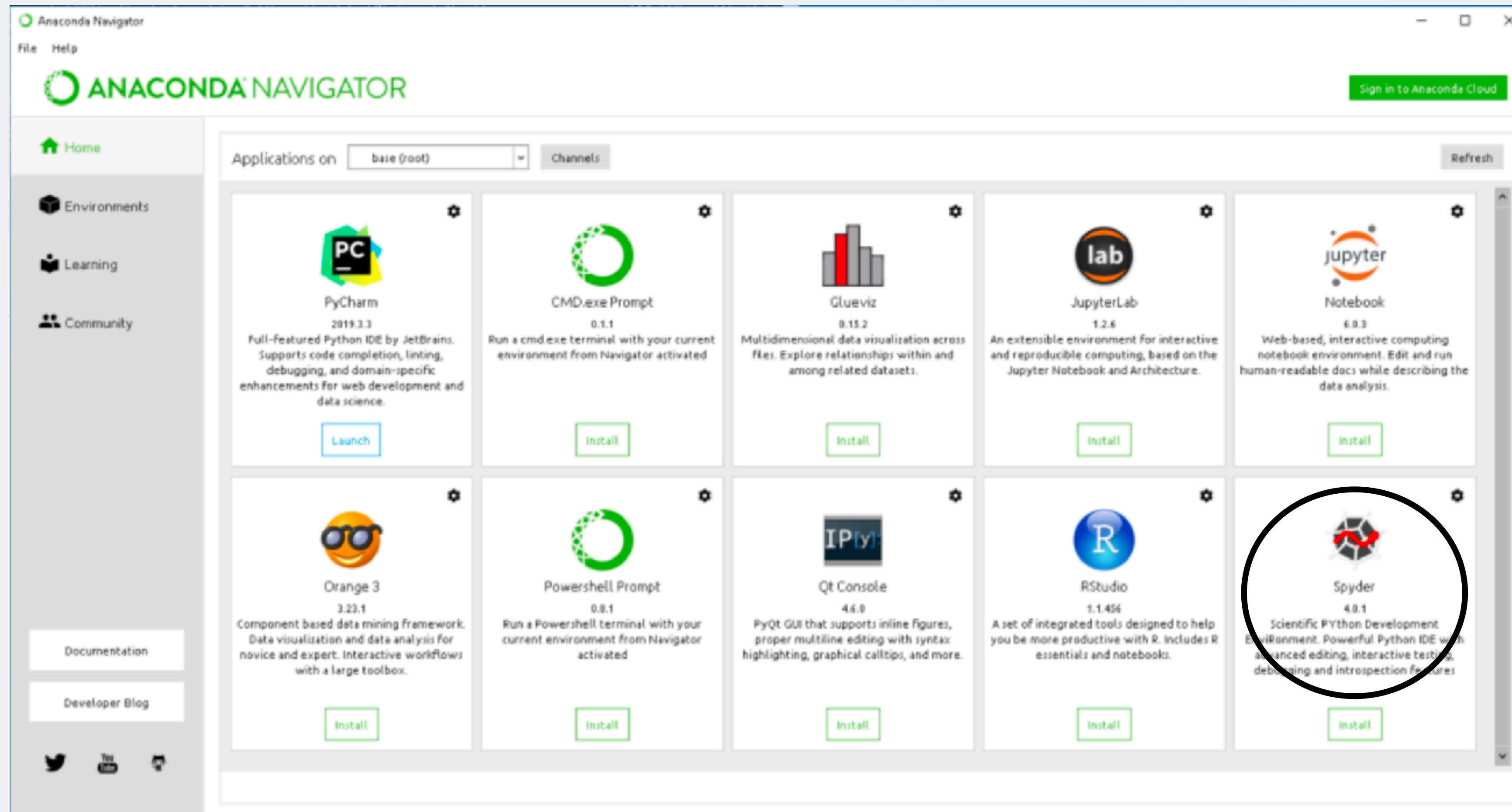
Integrated Development Environment (IDE)

- Useful for writing, running, and debugging code

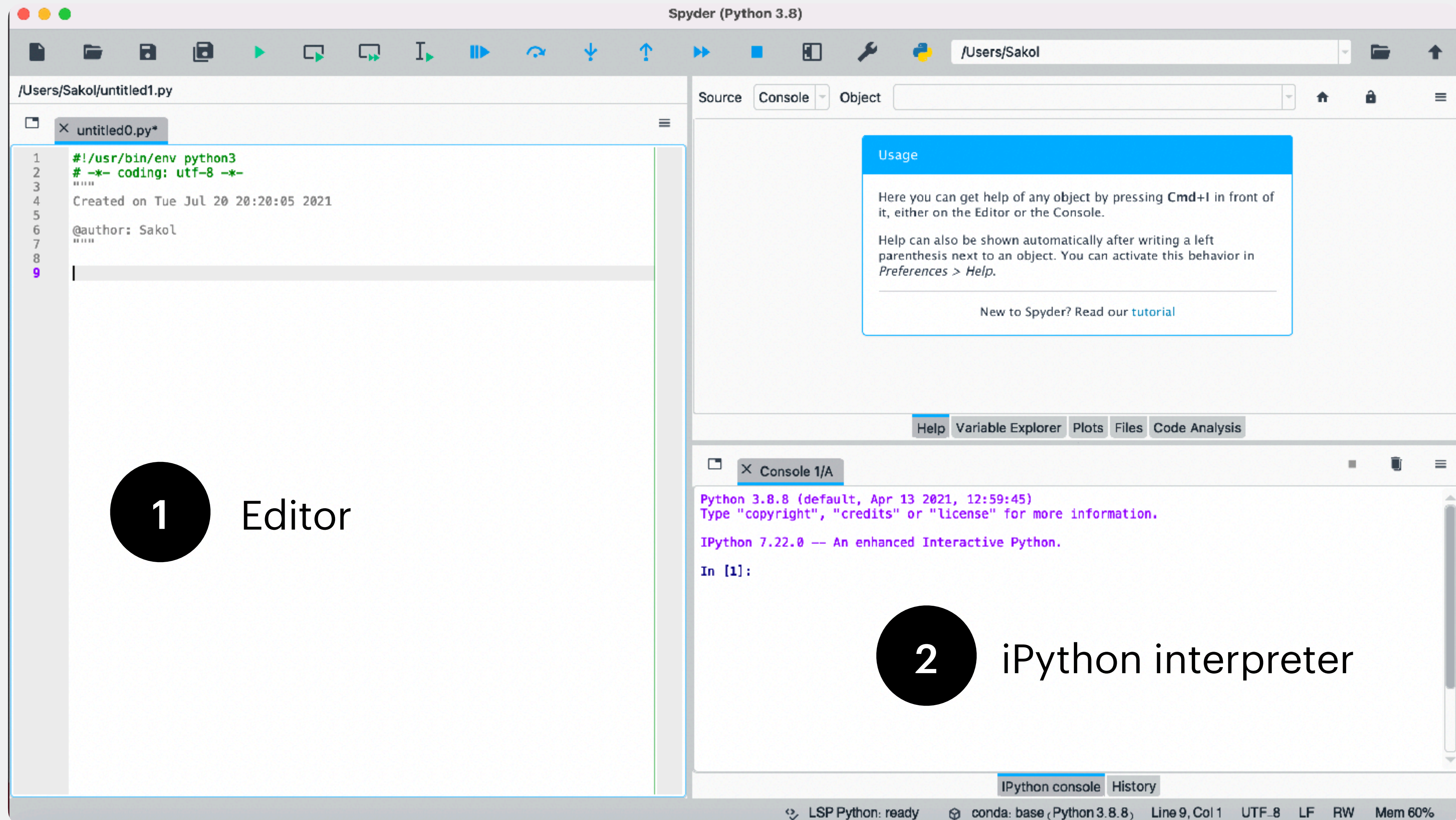


Spyder

Launching Spyder (the program may take a while to load...)



Spyder



Spyder

iPython prompt: Some math

```
5 + 3
7 - 2

4 / 2
7 // 2
7 % 2
4 ** 2

5 + 3 * 8
4 - 2 / 3

(5 + 3) * 8
5 + (3 * 8)
4 - (2 / 3)
```

Code 0.1

Spyder

Editor:

- Create a class folder and change a working directory
- Create and save a new file (hello.py) in that folder

```
greet = "Hello, world!"
```

Code 0.2

- Run the file hello.py. What do you see?
- Add the following line to your script. Save and run it again.

```
print(greet)
```

Code 0.3

Our plan next week!

More Python!

- We'll cover the basics of Python, plus text processing with NLTK

Assignment: HW 2 Unicode ([Link](#)) → due Saturday midnight

Readings: NLTK Chapter 1 (minus Sec. 5)